

NANTUCKET WASTEWATER PLAN UPDATE

Madaket Residents Association

4 Fairgrounds
Wednesday, July 13, 2016

Agenda

- Current Status of Overall Wastewater Planning
 - Comprehensive Wastewater Management Plan (CWMP) Update
 - Surfside WWTF Improvements Project
 - Sewer Extension Implementation Plan
 - 2016 ATM Approved
 - Nantucket Harbor Shimmo
 - PLUS
 - 2016 Fall STM – Proposed
 - Madaket/Warrens Landing & Somerset
 - Estimated Project Costs
 - Fall Special Town Meeting Articles
 - No Action Alternative



Comprehensive Wastewater Management Plan Update

- Incorporates Massachusetts Estuaries Program Results Into Recommended Plan
 - Nitrogen Reduction to Meet Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)
- Ranks “Areas of Need”
- Septage Management Solutions
 - Board of Health Local Regulations
- Full Use of Surfside WWTF Permit - Flows
 - Madaket WWTF Eliminated
- 20-Year Planning Document



Adaptive Management Plan to Meet Nitrogen Reductions

Structured Nitrogen Reducing Solutions

- Address all Needs Areas With a Plan Defined as a Structured, Iterative Process and Adapt As Necessary
 - Sewer Expansion
- Aim to Reduce Nutrient Loading Over Time – Water Quality Monitoring Program
 - Start With Plans That Give the Town the Biggest Bang for its Buck
- Add or Reduce Solutions as Needed to Meet Established Thresholds
 - Hummock Pond Breach – Jetties Reconstruction
 - Sesachacha Pond Breach



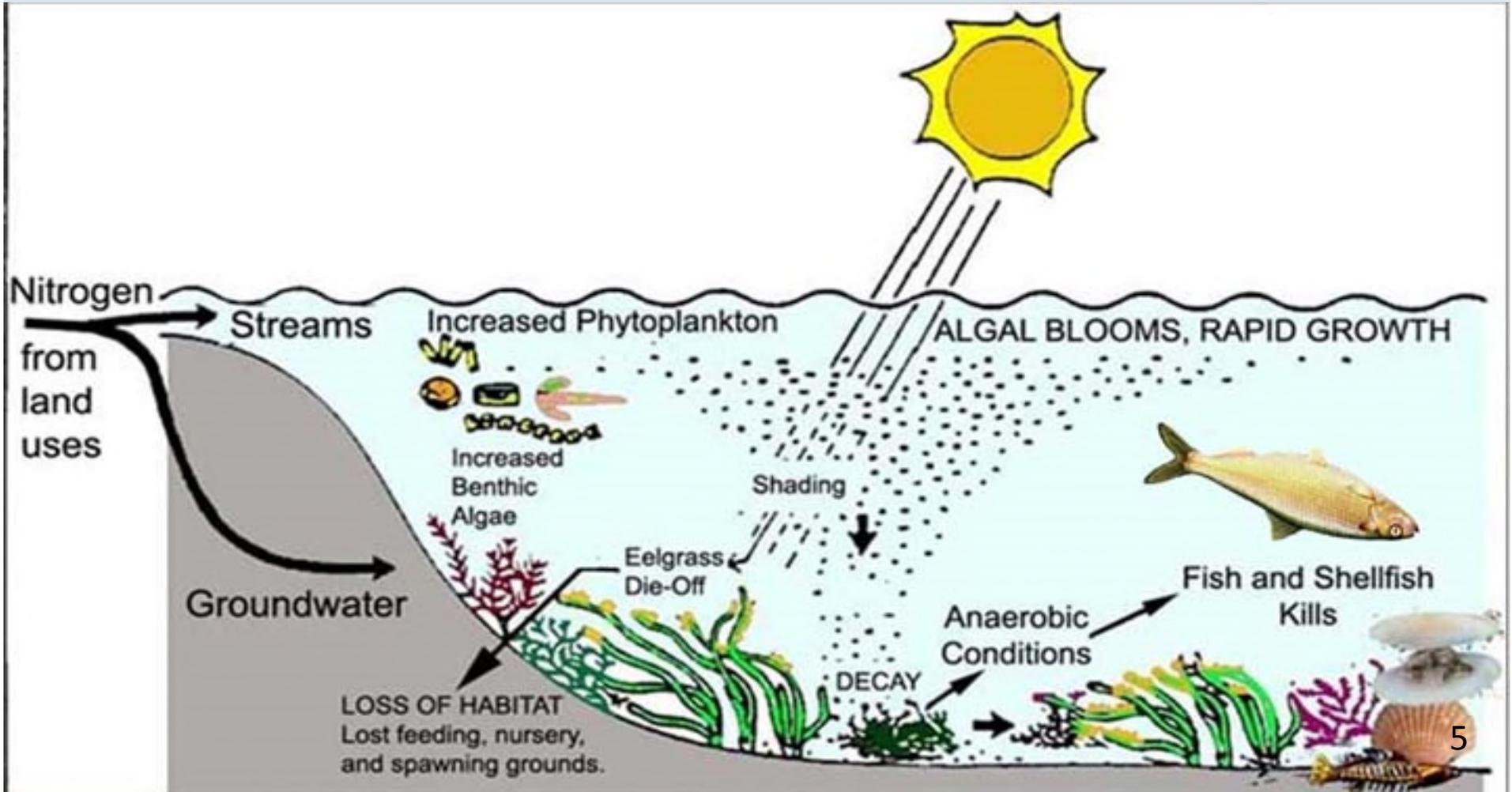
Adaptive Management Plan to Meet Nitrogen Reductions

Non-Structured Nitrogen Reducing Solutions

- Septage Management Plan
 - Pumping Incentive
 - Innovative/Alternative Systems
- Fertilizer Management
 - Education and Enforcement of Local Regulations
- Stormwater Management
 - Island-wide

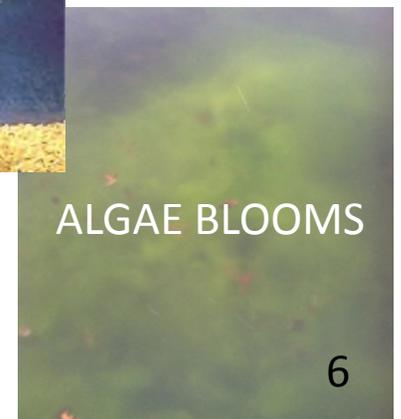
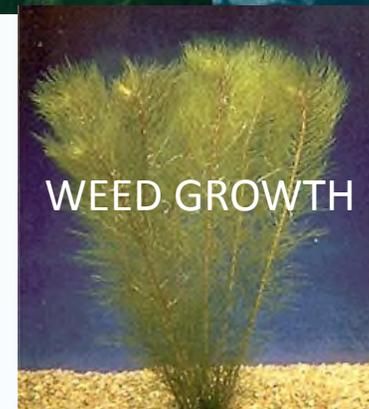
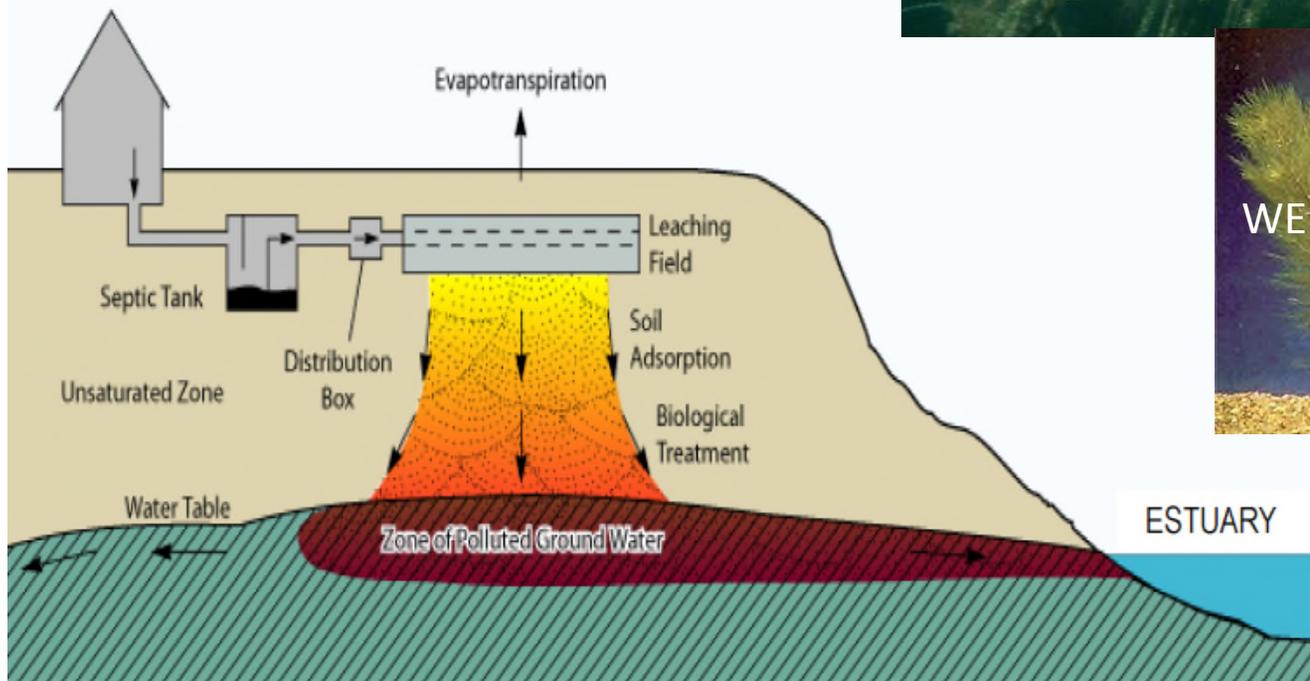


Nitrogen Pollution From Land Uses



Modified from U.S. Fish and Wildlife Circular, Restore Chesapeake Bay, Feb. 1990

Septic Systems and Nitrogen Pollution Impacts



Surfside WWTF Improvements Project Update

- MassDEP Approved Expansion Up to 4.0 MGD
 - Supports All Needs Areas From CWMP Update
 - No Additional Discharge Beds Needed
 - Groundwater Discharge Permit – Monitors Water Quality Testing at TMDL Locations
- MassDEP Approved State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loan at Zero Percent Interest – 20 Years
- Highest and Best Use of Surfside WWTF
 - Madaket WWTF Eliminated
- Final Improvements Project Out to Bid Summer 2016

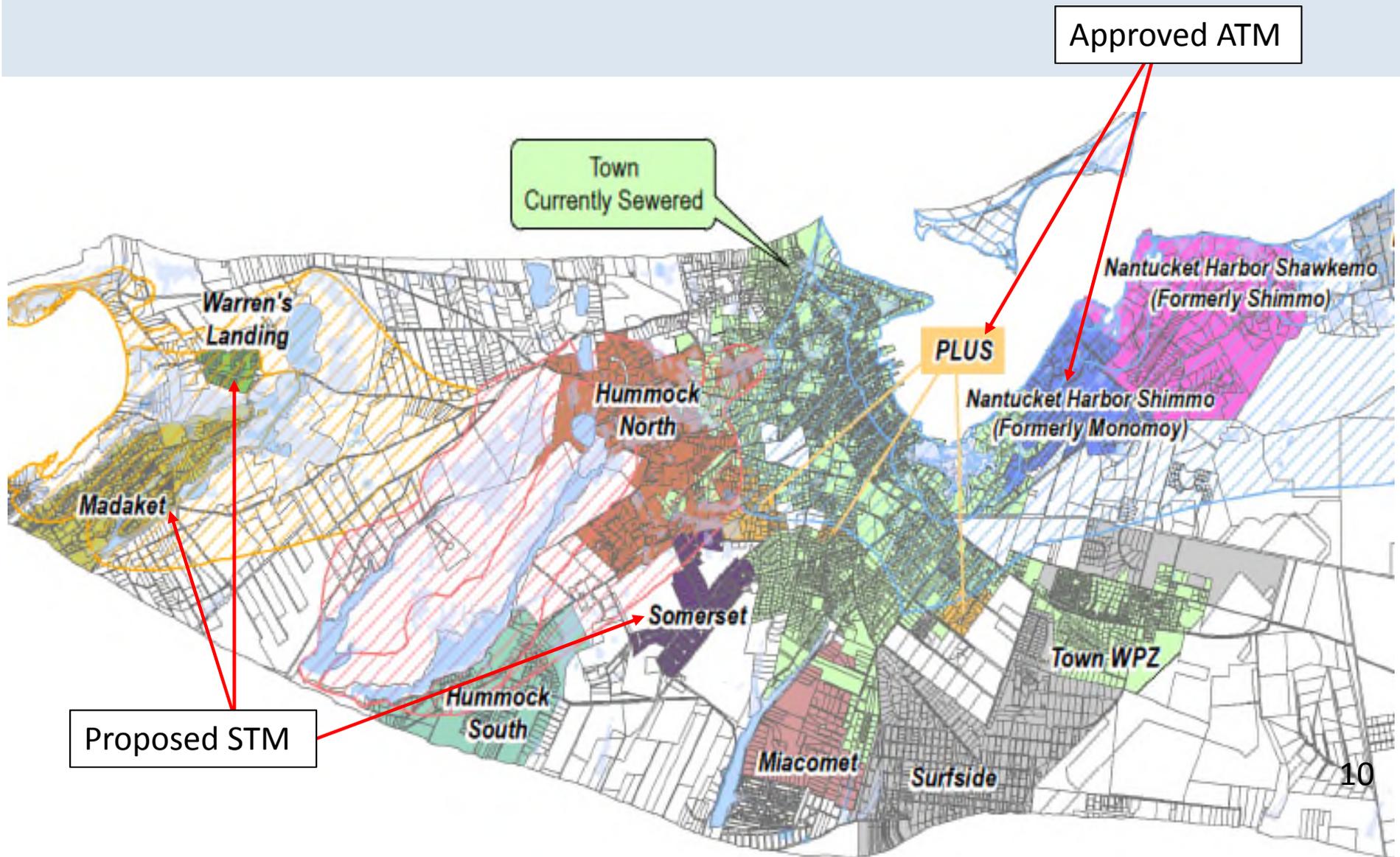


*April 2, 2016 ATM Sewer Implementation Plan
Design & Construction of
“Nantucket Harbor Shimmo” and “PLUS”*

- Two-Phase Sewer Design Approved
 - Phase 1 - Nantucket Harbor Shimmo (Formerly Called Monomoy)
 - Phase 2 - PLUS (Larger Neighborhood In-fill Areas Within or Adjacent to the Existing Town Sewer District)



2016 Town Meeting Sewer Locations

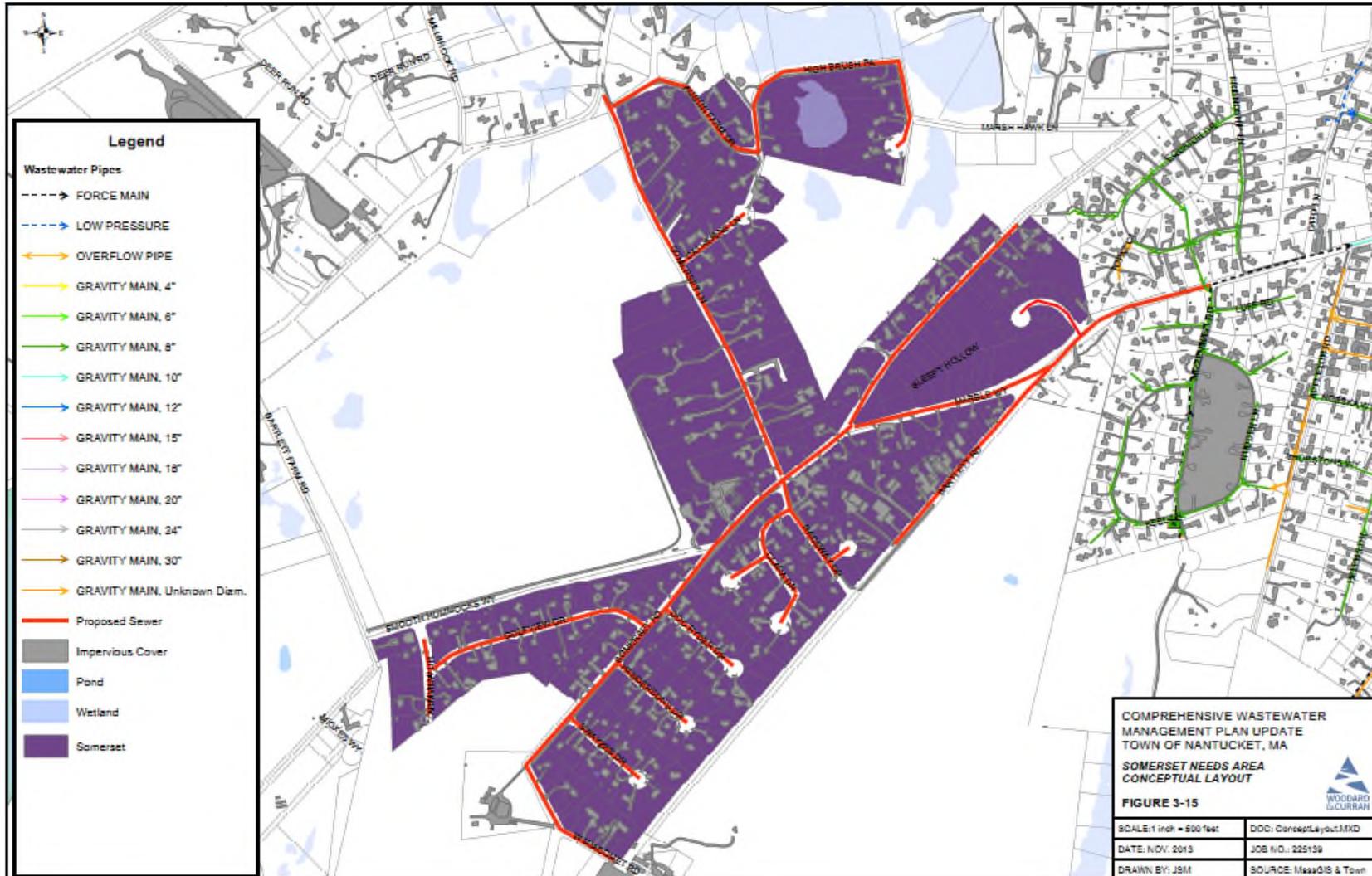


*October 17, 2016 STM Sewer Implementation Plan
Design & Construction of
“Somerset”, “Madaket / Warrens Landing”*

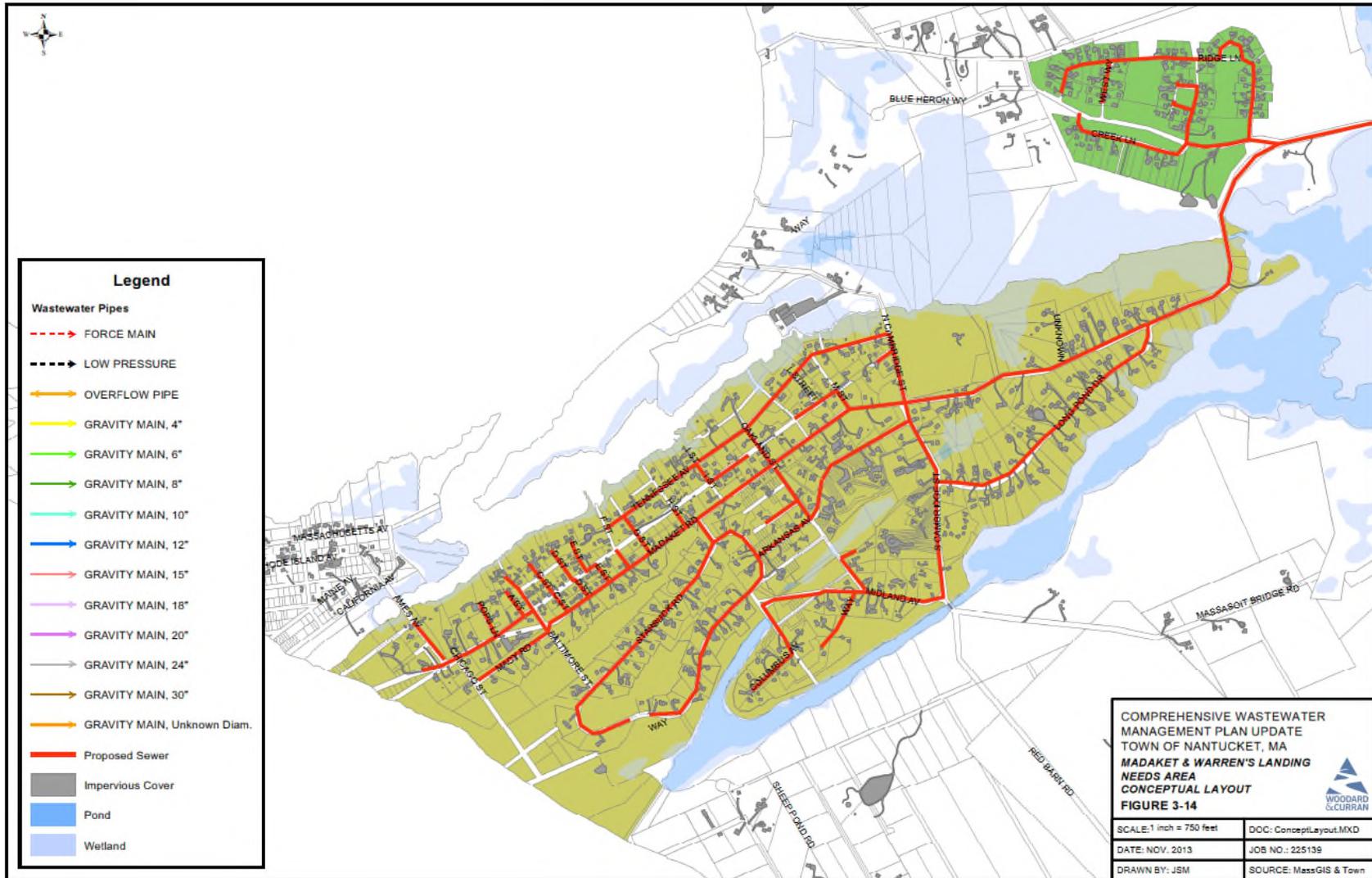
- Two-Phase Sewer Design Approved
 - Phase 1 - Somerset
 - Phase 2 - Madaket / Warrens Landing



Phase 1 - Somerset



Phase 2 – Madaket / Warrens Landing



Why the Need to Sewer – Natural Resources Department

Natural Resources Department

- Annual Water Quality Sampling Program
- Water Quality Issues
 - Nitrogen Impact to Water Quality
 - Total Maximum Daily Load
- Surfside WWTF Groundwater Discharge Permit
 - Monitoring TMDL Through Sampling



Why the Need to Sewer – Board of Health

- Inspection Results
 - 574 Total Septic Systems (69 Innovative / Alternative)
 - 422 Passed
 - 111 Failed
 - 85 Technical
 - 26 Hydraulic

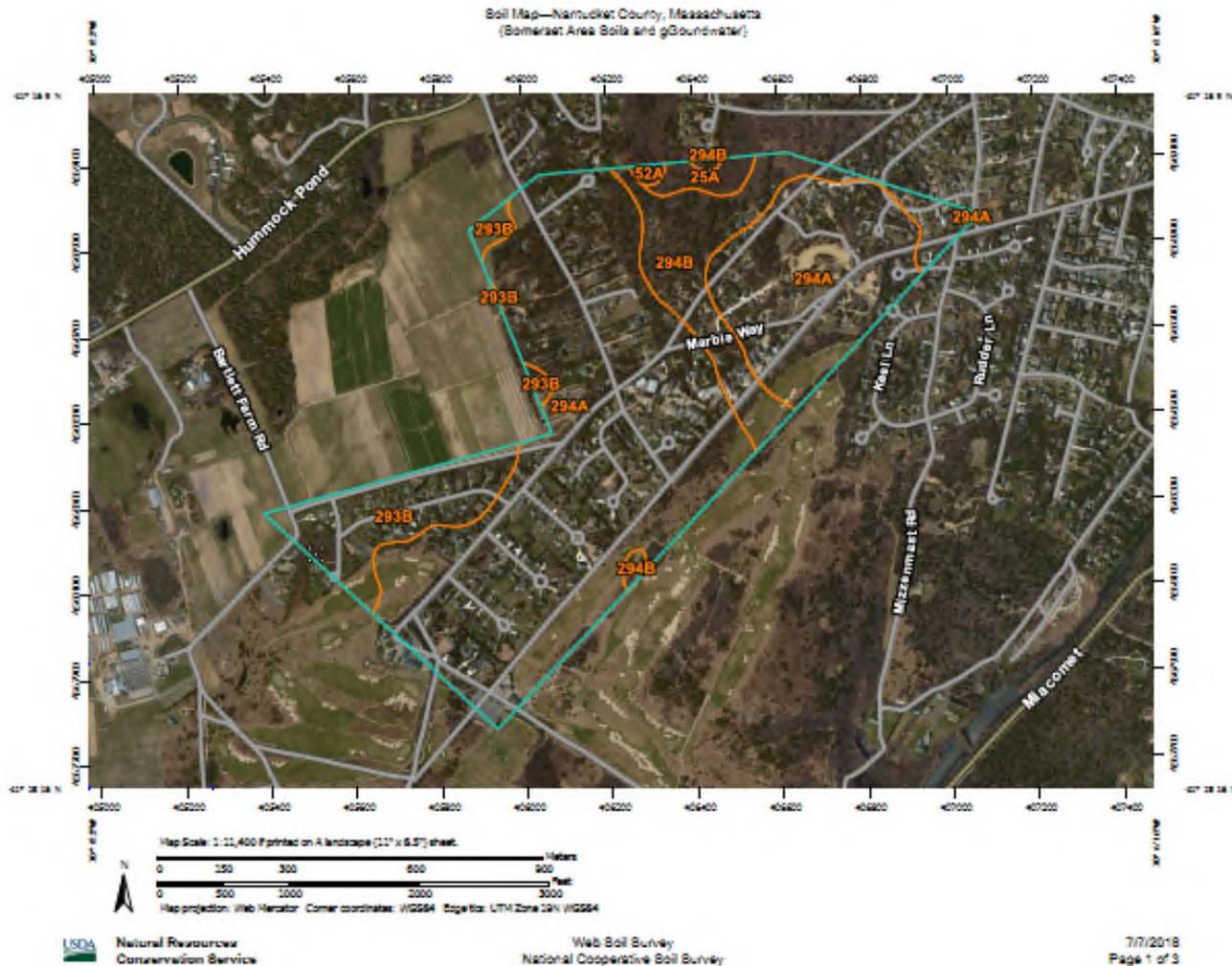


Why the Need to Sewer – Board of Health

- Severe Soils
 - Soils Percolate at Less than 5 Minutes Per Inch
 - Too Fast – No Nitrogen Reduction in Bio-Mat (If a Bio Mat Can Even Form)
 - Inadequately Cleansed Wastewater Enters the Groundwater - Pollution
- Severe Groundwater
 - Extremely Shallow in Madaket Area
 - On-Site systems Do Not Meet Regulatory Mandate for Separation From GW
 - Records of 1.5 Feet of Separation in Area – Regulatory Standard is 6 Feet
- Alternatives
 - Sewer – Remove All On-site Systems from Watershed
 - I/A Systems Do Not Remove Enough Nutrients to Meet TMDL
 - Tight Tanks – Last Resort Technology Governed by Title 5 – 315 CMR 15.00
 - Need Approval From MassDEP
 - Logistically, technically and economically Not Feasible



Phase 1 – Somerset Soils



Phase 1 – Somerset Soils Conditions

Soil Map—Nantucket County, Massachusetts

Somerset Area Soils and
Groundwater

Map Unit Legend

Nantucket County, Massachusetts (MA019)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
25A Severe-WET	Berryland Variant loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	3.7	1.8%
52A Severe-WET	Freetown and Brantsea mucks, coastal lowland, 0 to 1 percent slopes	0.8	0.3%
293B Severe-FAST PERC	Riverhead-Nantucket complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes	24.3	10.3%
294A Severe-FAST PERC	Evesboro sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	178.3	74.8%
294B Severe-FAST PERC	Evesboro sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	30.8	13.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		235.8	100.0%

Phase 2 - Madaket / Warrens Landing Soils



Phase 2 - Madaket / Warrens Landing Soil Conditions

Soil Map—Nantucket County, Massachusetts

Madaket Area Soils and Groundwater

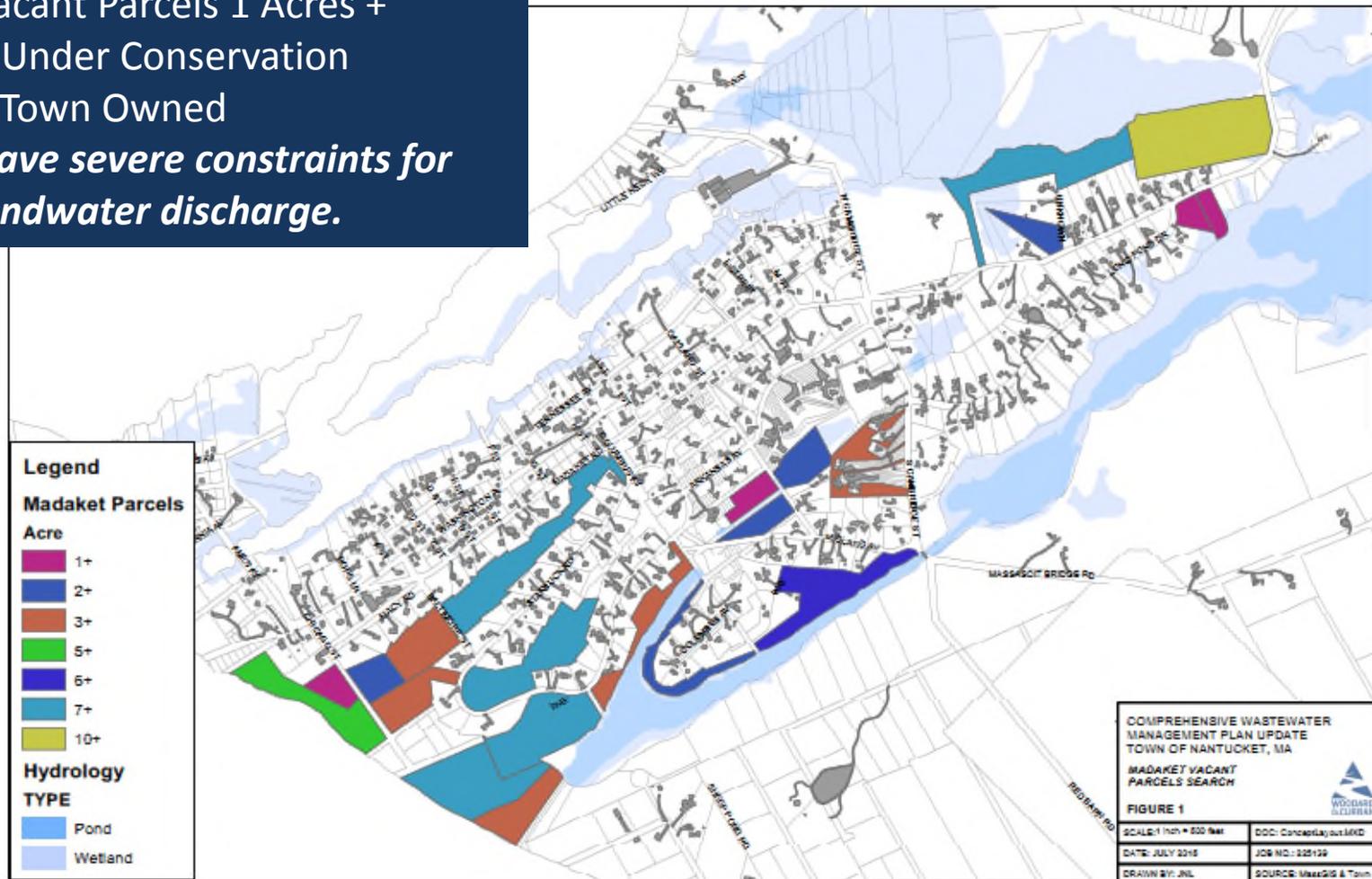
Map Unit Legend

Nantucket County, Massachusetts (MA019)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
1	Water	2.5	0.3%
25A <i>Severe-WET</i>	Berryland Variant loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	7.3	0.9%
52A <i>Severe-WET</i>	Freetown and Swansea mucks, coastal lowland, 0 to 1 percent slopes	73.7	9.5%
63A <i>Severe-WET</i>	Pawcatuck mucky peat, 0 to 2 percent slopes, very frequently flooded	103.7	13.4%
288A <i>Severe-FAST PERC</i>	Riverhead sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	222.0	28.7%
288B <i>Severe-FAST PERC</i>	Riverhead sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	121.2	15.7%
291B <i>Severe-FAST PERC</i>	Evesboro sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes, overblown	18.7	2.4%
294A <i>Severe-FAST PERC</i>	Evesboro sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	4.9	0.6%
294B <i>Severe-FAST PERC</i>	Evesboro sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	125.0	16.1%
294C <i>Severe-FAST PERC</i>	Evesboro sand, 8 to 15 percent slopes	2.4	0.3%
607	Water, saline	69.0	8.9%
610	Beaches	1.7	0.2%
702C	Udipsamments, rolling	22.0	2.8%
Totals for Area of Interest		774.2	100.0%

All soils found in Madaket are classified as severe for use with on-site wastewater as shown above. The "Severe-WET" have extremely high groundwater and the "Severe-FAST PERC" causes a hazard for groundwater pollution. *US Dept. of Agriculture Soil Conservation*

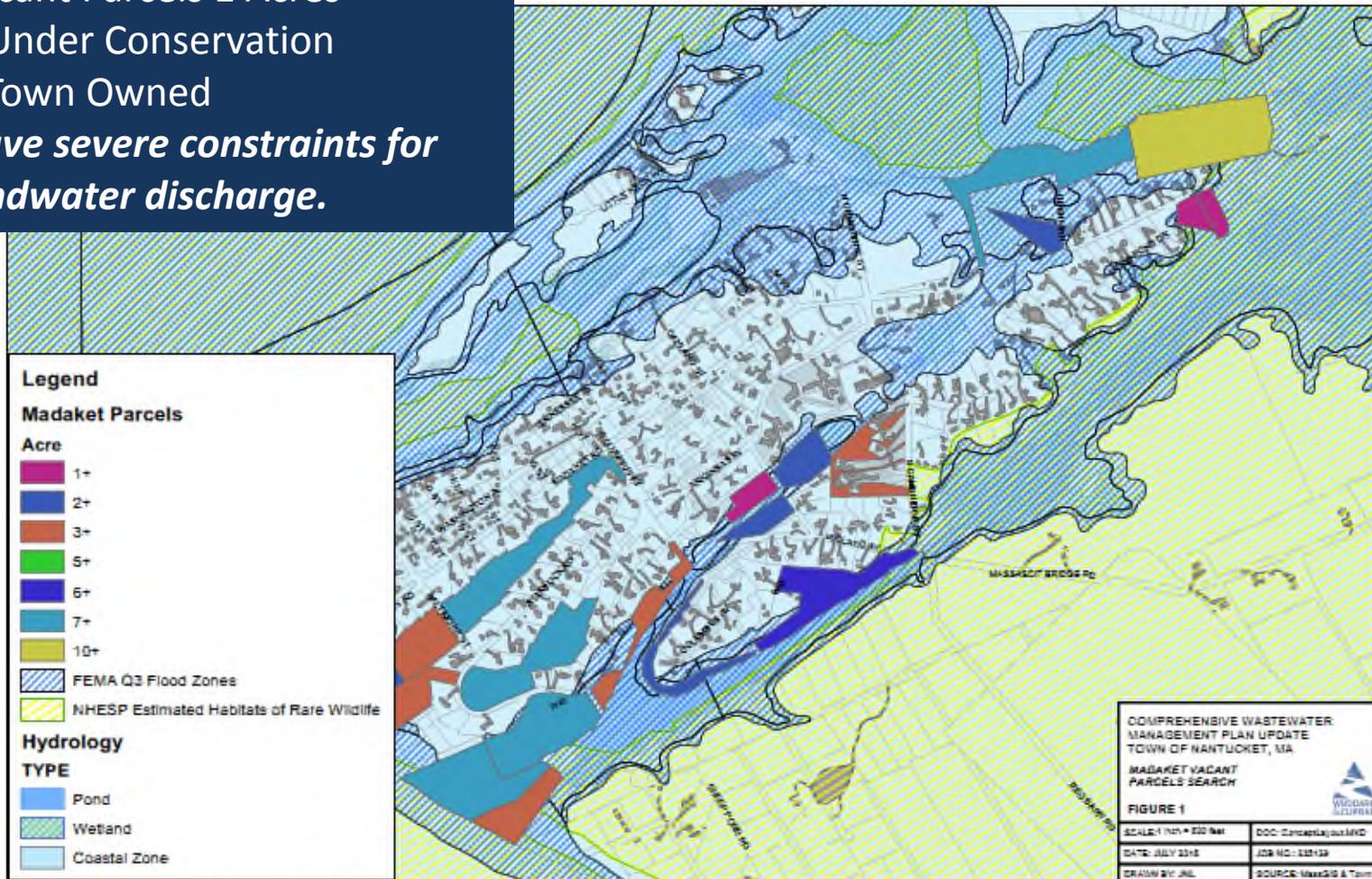
Madaket / Warrens Landing Land Search

22 Vacant Parcels 1 Acres +
19 – Under Conservation
3 – Town Owned
All have severe constraints for groundwater discharge.



Madaket / Warrens Landing Land Search

22 Vacant Parcels 1 Acres +
19 – Under Conservation
3 – Town Owned
All have severe constraints for groundwater discharge.



Overall Estimated Project Costs – Finance Department

Phase 1 – 2017 Cost Estimate

Somerset

– Design - \$ 1,753,430.

– Construction - \$15,780,867.

TOTAL \$17,534,297.

Phase 2 – 2019 Cost Estimate

Madaket / Warrens Landing

– Design - \$ 6,109,648.

– Construction – \$54,986,828.

TOTAL \$61,096,475.



Estimated Project Costs to Taxpayers – Finance Department

Using Average Assessed Property Values, the following are the Estimated Annual Cost Impacts to the Taxpayers for Each Project:

- Average Assessment of \$1,784,378
 - Somerset - \$53.50
 - Madaket / Warrens Landing - \$186.40
- Average Assessed Value of \$1,144,544 Year Round Residential
 - Somerset - \$34.31
 - Madaket / Warrens Landing - \$119.56



2016 Fall Special Town Meeting – Town Administration

- Two Warrant Articles:
 - “Somerset” and “Madaket / Warrens Landing”
 - Adding Needs Areas Parcels to Town Sewer District
 - Approve Design and Construction
- 2016 STM Follow Up
 - Ballot Questions to Follow



What If We Choose To Do Nothing?

The Town has been issued TMDLs (a regulatory term in the U.S. Clean Water Act, describing a value of the maximum amount of a pollutant that a body of water can receive while still meeting water quality standards for the subject estuaries) in Nantucket, Polpis and Madaket Harbors, as well as Sesachacha Pond and has an order pending in Hummock Pond.

If the Town chooses NOT to do anything, EPA with MassDEP has the authority to issue orders with fines to mandate restoration of the Town's waters under its own terms and conditions.



And what Would Doing Nothing Cost Us?

- *We Will Lose SRF Funding*
- *Increased Construction Costs*
- *We Will Lose the Local Control of the Projects*
- *Administrative Consent Order Determines:*
 - *When to Do the Project*
 - *How to Do the Project*
 - *How to Pay For the Project*



Wastewater Plan Update QUESTIONS & ANSWERS



DRAFT
Madaket and Long Pond Estuarine System
Total Maximum Daily Loads
For Total Nitrogen
(Report # 97-TMDL-5 Central # 283.6)



COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS
ROBERTA'S BULLIVANT SECRETARY
MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
KENNETH F. KNOXELL, COMMISSIONER
BUREAU OF RESOURCE PROTECTION
ANN LOVERLY, DEPUTY ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER

August 2011

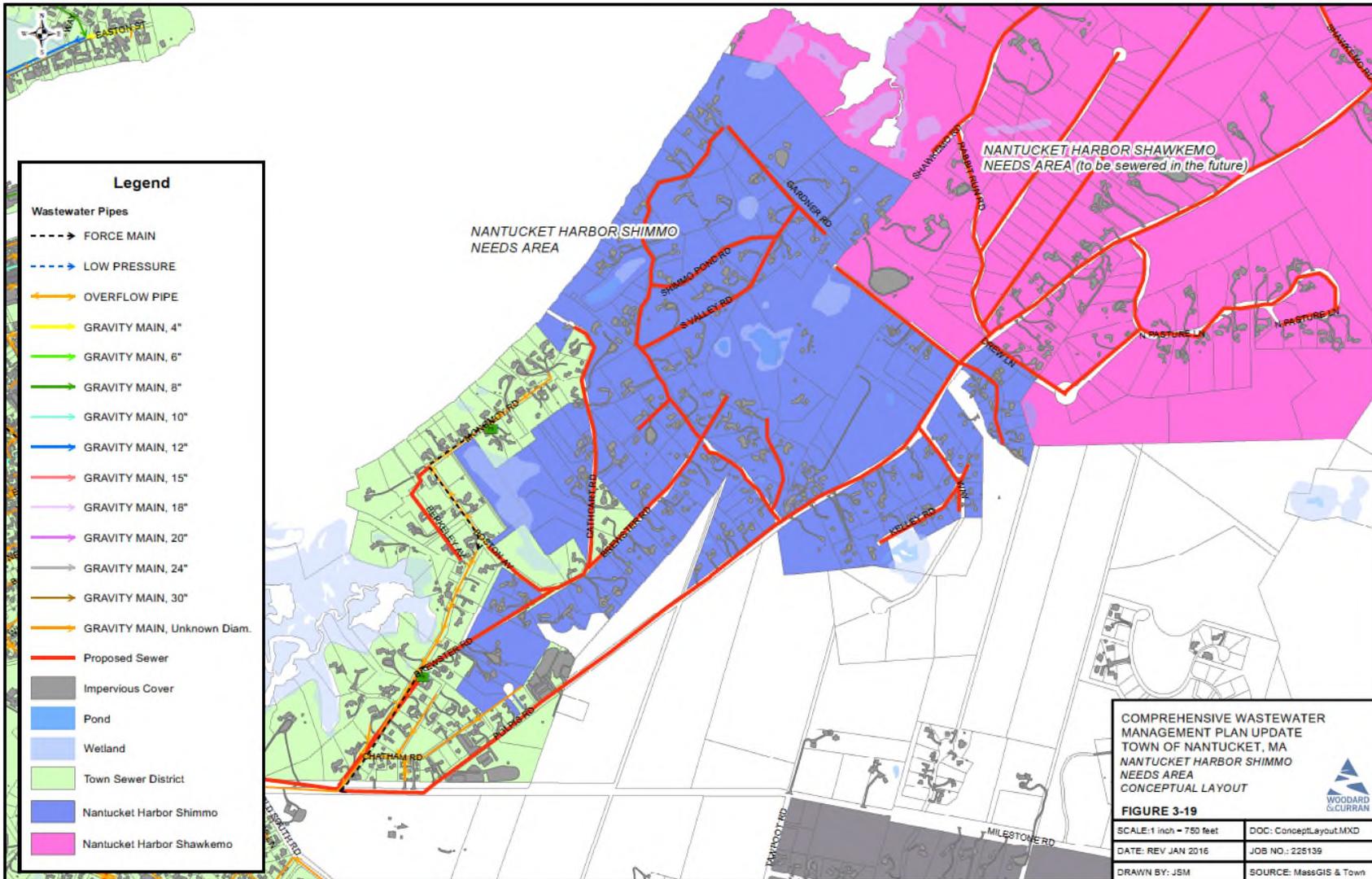


Wastewater Plan Update

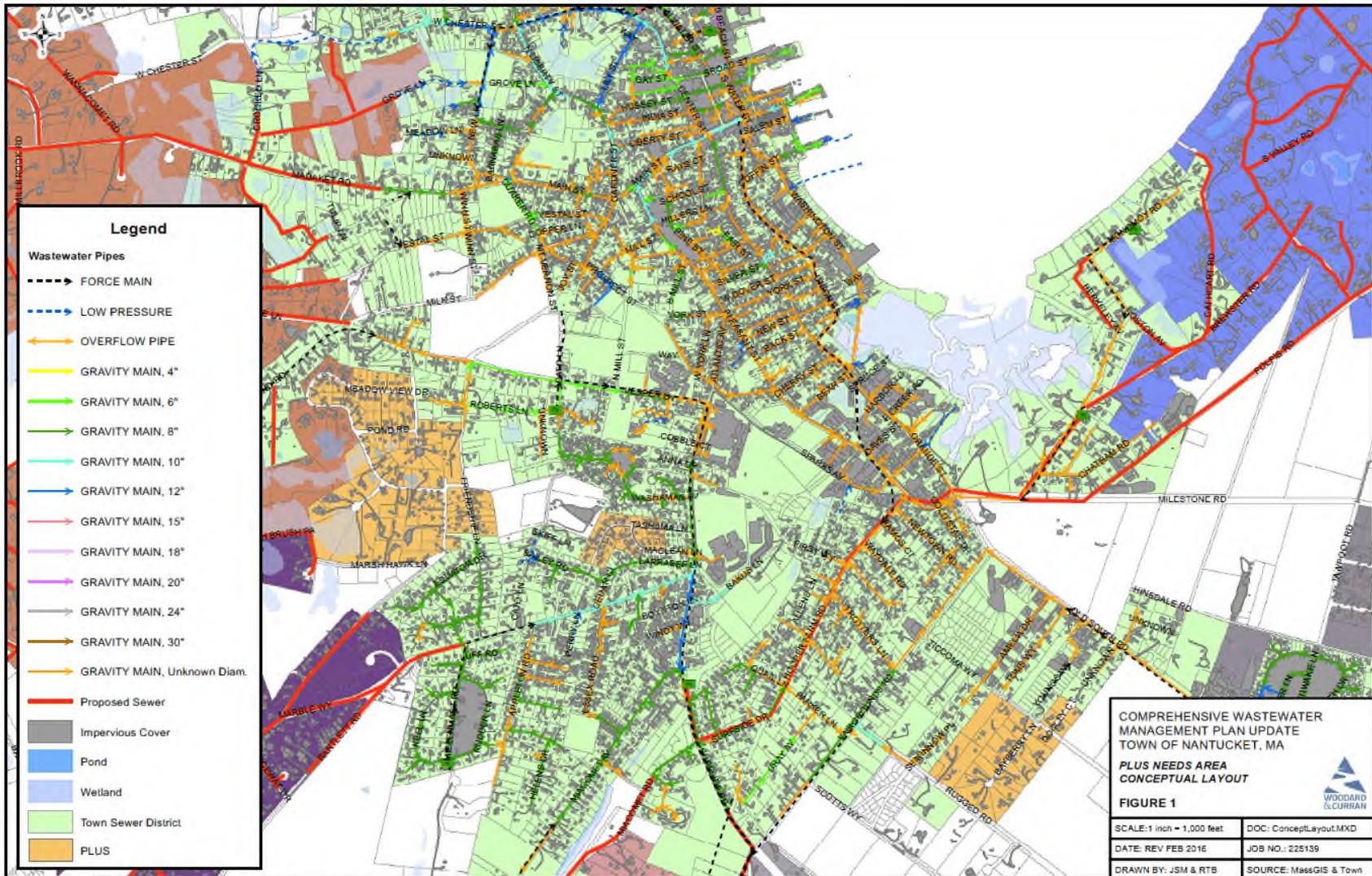
BACK-UP SLIDES



Phase 1 Sewer Location



Phase 2 Sewer Location



Funding & Financing: Capital Recovery Plan

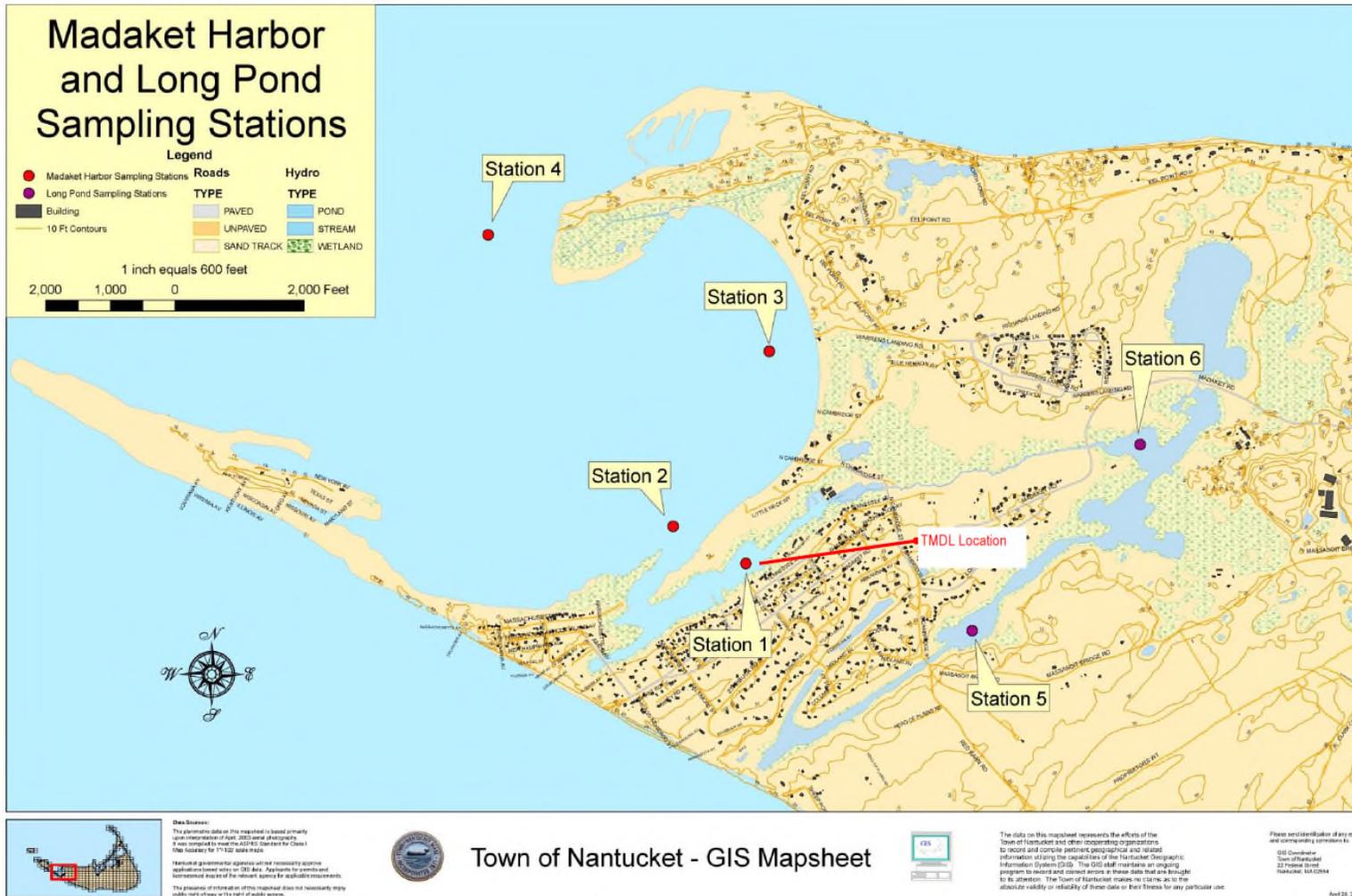
- SRF Loan at Zero Percent Interest
 - Paid Over 30 Years
 - Costs Savings
 - \$44.6M Over Life of Loan



Nantucket Harbor TMDL Locations



Madaket Harbor TMDL Location



Excerpt from Nantucket Harbor TMDL from MassDEP:

Reasonable Assurances

MassDEP possesses the statutory and regulatory authority, under the water quality standards and/or the State Clean Water Act (CWA), to implement and enforce the provisions of the TMDL through its many permitting programs including requirements for N loading reductions from on-site subsurface wastewater disposal systems. However, because most non-point source controls are voluntary, reasonable assurance is based on the commitment of the locality involved. Nantucket has demonstrated this commitment through the comprehensive wastewater planning that they initiated well before the generation of the TMDL. The town expects to use the information in this TMDL to generate support from their citizens to take the necessary steps to remedy existing problems related to N loading from on-site subsurface wastewater disposal systems, storm-water, and runoff (including fertilizers), and to prevent any future degradation of these valuable resources. Moreover, reasonable assurances that the TMDL will be implemented include enforcement of regulations, availability of financial incentives and local, state and federal programs for pollution control. Storm-water NPDES permit coverage will address discharges from municipally owned storm-water drainage systems. Enforcement of regulations controlling non-point discharges include local implementation of the Commonwealth's Wetlands Protection Act and Rivers Protection Act, Title 5 regulations for on-site subsurface wastewater disposal systems and other local regulations (such as the Town of Rehoboth's stable regulations). Financial incentives include federal funds available under Sections 319, 604 and 104(b) programs of the CWA, which are provided as part of the Performance Partnership Agreement between MassDEP and EPA. Other potential funds and assistance are available through the Massachusetts Department of Agriculture's Enhancement Program and the United States Department of Agriculture's Natural Resources Conservation Services. Additional financial incentives include income tax credits for Title 5 upgrades and low interest loans for Title 5 on-site subsurface wastewater disposal system upgrades available through municipalities participating in this portion of the state revolving fund program.

As the town implements these TMDLs the loading values (kg/day of N) will be used by MassDEP for guidance for permitting activities and should be used by the community as a management tool.